## LOW POWER, SINGLE-SUPPLY, RAIL-TO-RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS MicroAmplifier ${ }^{\text {T" }}$ Series

## FEATURES

- RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT
- RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT (within 1mV)
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT: $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ typ
- MicroSIZE PACKAGES

SOT23-5
MSOP-8
TSSOP-14

- GAIN-BANDWIDTH

OPA344: $1 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{G} \geq 1$
OPA345: 3MHz, G $\geq 5$

- SLEW RATE OPA344: $0.8 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{\mu s}$ OPA345: $2 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$
- THD + NOISE: 0.006\%


## APPLICATIONS

- PCMCIA CARDS
- DATA ACQUISITION
- PROCESS CONTROL
- AUDIO PROCESSING
- COMMUNICATIONS
- ACTIVE FILTERS
- TEST EQUIPMENT


SO-8, MSOP-8, 8-Pin DIP (OPA2344 Only)


SO-8, 8-Pin DIP (OPA344 Only)


TSSOP-14, SO-14, 14-PIn DIP (OPA4344 Only) Twx: 910-952-1111 • Internet: http://www.burr-brown.com/ • Cable: BBRCORP • Telex: 066-6491 • FAX: (520) 889-1510 • Immediate Product Info: (800) 548-6132

## SPECIFICATIONS: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 5.5 V

At $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.
Boldface limits apply over the temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| PARAMETER |  | CONDITION | OPA344NA, UA, PA OPA2344EA, UA, PA OPA4344EA, UA, PA |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OFFSET VOLTAGE Input Offset Voltage Over Temperature vs Temperature vs Power Supply Over Temperature Channel Separation, dc $f=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OS}} \\ \mathrm{dV}_{\mathrm{OS}} / \mathrm{dT} \\ \text { PSRR } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.2 \\ \pm 0.8 \\ \pm 3 \\ 30 \\ \\ 0.2 \\ 130 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 1 \\ \pm 1.2 \\ \\ 200 \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mV} \\ \mathrm{mV} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT <br> Input Bias Current <br> Over Temperature Input Offset Current |  |  |  | $\pm 0.2$ <br> See Typ $\pm 0.2$ | $\pm 10$ <br> Curve <br> $\pm 10$ | pA <br> pA <br> pA |
| NOISE <br> Input Voltage Noise Input Voltage Noise Density Current Noise Density | $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{n}}$ $i_{n}$ | $\begin{aligned} & f= 0.1 \text { to } 50 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 30 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\mu$ Vrms $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ $\mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE <br> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio Over Temperature Common-Mode Rejection Over Temperature Common-Mode Rejection Over Temperature | $V_{C M}$ CMRR CMRR CMRR | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<5.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<5.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<3 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -0.3 \\ 76 \\ 74 \\ 70 \\ 68 \\ 66 \\ 64 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & 84 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{V}+)+0.3$ | V <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE <br> Differential <br> Common-Mode |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{13} \\| 3 \\ & 10^{13} \\| 6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\| \mathrm{pF} \\ & \Omega \\| \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN <br> Open-Loop Voltage Gain Over Temperature <br> Over Temperature | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 10 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-10 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 10 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}\right)-10 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 400 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-400 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 400 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}\right)-400 \mathrm{mV} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ 100 \\ 96 \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE <br> Gain-Bandwidth Product <br> Slew Rate <br> Settling Time, 0.1\% $0.01 \%$ <br> Overload Recovery Time <br> Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise | $\begin{array}{r} \text { GBW } \\ \text { SR } \\ \\ \text { THD+N } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{pF} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, 2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Step } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}} \cdot \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=3 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{G}=1, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 0.8 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 2.5 \\ 0.006 \end{gathered}$ |  | MHz <br> V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{S}$ <br> \% |
| OUTPUT <br> Voltage Output Swing from Rail ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Over Temperature <br> Over Temperature <br> Short-Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SC}} \\ \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}} \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 96 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 104 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 100 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 96 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathbf{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq \mathbf{9 0 d B} \end{gathered}$ |  | 1 3 40 $\pm 15$ Typical $C$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ 10 \\ 400 \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | mV <br> mV <br> mV <br> mV <br> mV <br> mA |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Specified Voltage Range <br> Operating Voltage Range <br> Quiescent Current (per amplifier) <br> Over Temperature | $v_{S}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0$ | 2.7 | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \text { to } 5.5 \\ 150 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.5 \\ & 250 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | V <br> V <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE <br> Specified Range <br> Operating Range <br> Storage Range <br> Thermal Resistance <br> SOT23-5 Surface Mount <br> MSOP-8 Surface Mount <br> 8-Pin DIP <br> SO-8 Surface Mount TSSOP-14 Surface Mount 14-Pin DIP <br> SO-14 Surface Mount | $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -55 \\ & -65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ 150 \\ 100 \\ 150 \\ 100 \\ 80 \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85 \\ 125 \\ 150 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ & { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \end{aligned}$ |

NOTE: (1) Output voltage swings are measured between the output and power-supply rails.

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$ and $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.
Boldface limits apply over the temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| PARAMETER |  | CONDITION | OPA345NA, UA OPA2345EA, UA OPA4345EA, UA |  |  | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MIN | TYP | MAX |  |
| OFFSET VOLTAGE Input Offset Voltage Over Temperature vs Temperature vs Power Supply Over Temperature Channel Separation, dc $f=1 \mathrm{kHz}$ | $\begin{array}{r} V_{\mathrm{OS}} \\ \mathrm{dV}_{\mathrm{OS}} / \mathrm{dT} \\ \text { PSRR } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \pm 0.2 \\ \pm 0.8 \\ \pm 3 \\ 30 \\ \\ 0.2 \\ 130 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \pm 1 \\ \pm 1.2 \\ \\ 200 \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mV} \\ \mathrm{mV} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~dB} \end{gathered}$ |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT <br> Input Bias Current <br> Over Temperature Input Offset Current | $I_{B}$ <br> $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{os}}$ |  |  | $\pm 0.2$ <br> See Ty $\pm 0.2$ |  | pA <br> pA <br> pA |
| NOISE <br> Input Voltage Noise Input Voltage Noise Density Current Noise Density | $\mathrm{e}_{\mathrm{n}}$ $i_{n}$ | $\begin{aligned} & f= 0.1 \text { to } 50 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & f=10 \mathrm{kHz} \\ & f=10 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 30 \\ 0.5 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\mu$ Vrms $\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ $\mathrm{fA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$ |
| INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE <br> Common-Mode Voltage Range Common-Mode Rejection Ratio Over Temperature <br> Common-Mode Rejection Ratio Over Temperature <br> Common-Mode Rejection Ratio Over Temperature | $V_{C M}$ CMRR CMRR CMRR | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<5.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5.5 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<5.8 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V},-0.3 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -0.3 \\ 76 \\ 74 \\ 70 \\ 68 \\ 66 \\ 64 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & 84 \\ & 80 \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{V}+)+0.3$ | V <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB <br> dB |
| INPUT IMPEDANCE <br> Differential <br> Common-Mode |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 10^{13}\| \| 3 \\ & 10^{13} \\| 6 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \Omega \\| \mathrm{pF} \\ & \Omega \\| \mathrm{pF} \end{aligned}$ |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN <br> Open-Loop Voltage Gain Over Temperature <br> Over Temperature | $\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 10 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-10 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 10 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-10 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 400 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-400 \mathrm{mV} \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 400 \mathrm{mV}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}\right)-400 \mathrm{mV} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 104 \\ 100 \\ 96 \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 122 \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| FREQUENCY RESPONSE <br> Gain-Bandwidth Product <br> Slew Rate <br> Settling Time, 0.1\% <br> 0.01\% <br> Overload Recovery Time <br> Total Harmonic Distortion + Noise | $\begin{array}{r} \text { GBW } \\ \text { SR } \\ \\ \text { THD }+N \end{array}$ | $C_{L}=100 p F$ $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{G}=5,2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Output Step } \\ \mathrm{G}=5,2 \mathrm{~V} \text { Output Step } \\ \mathrm{V}_{\text {IV }} \cdot \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} \\ \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{O}}=2.5 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{G}=5, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1.5 \\ 1.6 \\ 2.5 \\ 0.006 \end{gathered}$ |  | MHz <br> V/ $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{s}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{S}$ <br> $\mu \mathrm{S}$ <br> \% |
| OUTPUT <br> Voltage Output Swing from Rail ${ }^{(1)}$ <br> Over Temperature <br> Over Temperature <br> Short-Circuit Current <br> Capacitive Load Drive | $\stackrel{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SC}}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{LOAD}}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 96 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 104 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq \mathbf{1 0 0 \mathrm { dB }} \\ \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=5 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \mathrm{~A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq 96 \mathrm{~dB} \\ \mathbf{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=\mathbf{5 k} \Omega, \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{OL}} \geq \mathbf{9 0 d B} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ 3 \\ 40 \\ \\ \pm 15 \\ \text { Typical Cu } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ 10 \\ 400 \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | mV mV mV mV mV mA |
| POWER SUPPLY <br> Specified Voltage Range Operating Voltage Range Quiescent Current (per amplifier) Over Temperature | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}$ <br> $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}=0$ | 2.7 | $\begin{gathered} 2.5 \text { to } 5.5 \\ 150 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.5 \\ & 250 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \mathrm{~V} \\ \mu \mathrm{~A} \\ \mu \mathrm{~A} \end{gathered}$ |
| TEMPERATURE RANGE <br> Specified Range Operating Range Storage Range Thermal Resistance SOT23-5 Surface Mount MSOP-8 Surface Mount SO-8 Surface Mount TSSOP-14 Surface Mount SO-14 Surface Mount | $\theta_{\text {JA }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \\ & -55 \\ & -65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \\ & 150 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85 \\ 125 \\ 150 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W} \end{gathered}$ |

NOTE: (1) Output voltage swings are measured between the output and power-supply rails.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ${ }^{(1)}$



NOTES: (1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device at these conditions, or beyond the specified operating conditions, is not implied. (2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5 V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10 mA or less. (3) Short-circuit to ground, one amplifier per package.

## - ELECTROSTATIC (4) DISCHARGE SENSITIVITY

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Burr-Brown recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION

| PRODUCT | PACKAGE | PACKAGE DRAWING NUMBER | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER ${ }^{(1)}$ | TRANSPORT MEDIA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA344NA <br> OPA344UA <br> OPA344PA | $\begin{gathered} \text { SOT23-5 } \\ " \\ \text { SO-8 } \\ " \\ \text { 8-Pin Dip } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 331 \\ " \\ 182 \\ " \\ 006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \text { " } \\ -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \text { " to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | B44 $"$ OPA344UA $"$ OPA344PA | OPA344NA/250 OPA344NA/3K OPA344UA OPA344UA/2K5 OPA344PA | Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel Rails |
| OPA2344EA <br> OPA2344UA <br> OPA2344PA | $\begin{gathered} \text { MSOP-8 } \\ " \\ \text { SO-8 } \\ " \\ \text { 8-Pin DIP } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 337 \\ " \\ 182 \\ " \\ 006 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { " } \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | C 44 $"$ OPA2344UA $"$ OPA2344PA | OPA2344EA/250 <br> OPA2344EA/2K5 OPA2344UA OPA2344UA/2K5 OPA2344PA | Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel Rails |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA4344EA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA4344UA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA4344PA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TSSOP-14 } \\ \text { SO-14 } \\ " \\ \text { 14-Pin DIP } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ " \\ 235 \\ " \\ 010 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { " } \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { " } \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA4344EA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA4344UA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA4344PA } \end{gathered}$ | OPA4344EA/250 OPA4344EA/2K5 OPA4344UA OPA4344UA/2K5 OPA4344PA | Rails <br> Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel Rails |
| OPA345NA <br> OPA345UA <br> " | SOT23-5 SO-8 | $\begin{gathered} 331 \\ " \\ 182 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { " } \\ & -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | A45 OPA345UA | $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA345NA/250 } \\ \text { OPA345NA/3K } \\ \text { OPA345UA } \\ \text { OPA345UA/2K5 } \end{gathered}$ | Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA2345EA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA2345UA } \\ =1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { MSOP-8 } \\ \text { " } \\ \text { SO-8 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 337 \\ " \\ 182 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \text { " } \\ -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B45} \\ " \\ \text { OPA2345UA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA2345EA/250 } \\ \text { OPA2345EA/2K5 } \\ \text { OPA2345UA } \\ \text { OPA2345UA/2K5 } \end{gathered}$ | Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA4345EA } \\ " \\ \text { OPA4345UA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { TSSOP-14 } \\ \text { " } \\ \text { SO-14 } \\ \hline " \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ " \\ 235 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \text { " } \\ -40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { to }+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { OPA4345EA } \\ \text { " } \\ \text { OPA4345UA } \end{gathered}$ | OPA4345EA/250 OPA4345EA/2K5 OPA4345UA OPA4345UA/2K5 | Tape and Reel Tape and Reel Rails Tape and Reel |

NOTE: (1) Models with a slash (/) are available only in Tape and Reel in the quantities indicated (e.g., /2K5 indicates 2500 devices per reel). Ordering 2500 pieces of "OPA344UA/2K5" will get a single 2500-piece Tape and Reel.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.







## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont.)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.





QUIESCENT CURRENT AND SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE


INPUT BIAS CURRENT


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont.)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.




QUIESCENT CURRENT PRODUCTION DISTRIBUTION


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES (Cont.)

At $T_{A}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$, and $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$, unless otherwise noted.


LARGE-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE: OPA344
$G=+1, R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF}$

$5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

SMALL-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE: OPA344
$G=+1, R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF}$

$5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$


LARGE-SIGNAL STEP RESPONSE: OPA345
$G=+5, R_{L}=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, C_{L}=100 \mathrm{pF}$

$5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{div}$

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

OPA344 series op amps are unity gain stable and can operate on a single supply, making them highly versatile and easy to use. OPA345 series op amps are optimized for applications requiring higher speeds with gains of 5 or greater.
Rail-to-rail input and output swing significantly increases dynamic range, especially in low supply applications. Figure 1 shows the input and output waveforms for the OPA344 in unity-gain configuration. Operation is from $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+5 \mathrm{~V}$ with a $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ load connected to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}} / 2$. The input is a $5 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ sinusoid. Output voltage is approximately $4.997 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$.

Power supply pins should be by passed with 0.01 pF ceramic capacitors.


## OPERATING VOLTAGE

OPA344 and OPA345 series op amps are fully specified and guaranteed from +2.7 V to +5.5 V . In addition, many specifications apply from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Parameters that vary significantly with operating voltages or temperature are shown in the Typical Performance Curves.

## RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT

The input common-mode voltage range of the OPA344 and OPA345 series extends 300 mV beyond the supply rails. This is achieved with a complementary input stage-an N channel input differential pair in parallel with a P-channel differential pair (see Figure 2). The N -channel pair is active for input voltages close to the positive rail, typically $(\mathrm{V}+)$ 1.3 V to 300 mV above the positive supply, while the P channel pair is on for inputs from 300 mV below the negative supply to approximately $(\mathrm{V}+)-1.3 \mathrm{~V}$. There is a small transition region, typically $(\mathrm{V}+)-1.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $(\mathrm{V}+)-1.1 \mathrm{~V}$, in which both pairs are on. This 400 mV transition region can vary 300 mV with process variation. Thus, the transition region (both stages on) can range from ( $\mathrm{V}+$ ) -1.8 V to $(\mathrm{V}+)$ -1.4 V on the low end, up to $(\mathrm{V}+)-1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ to $(\mathrm{V}+)-0.8 \mathrm{~V}$ on the high end. Within the 400 mV transition region PSRR, CMRR, offset voltage, offset drift, and THD may be degraded compared to operation outside this region. For more information on designing with rail-to-rail input op amps, see Figure 3 "Design Optimization with Rail-to-Rail Input Op Amps."

FIGURE 1. Rail-to-Rail Input and Output.


FIGURE 2. Simplified Schematic.

## DESIGN OPTIMIZATION WITH RAIL-TO-RAIL INPUT OP AMPS

Rail-to-rail op amps can be used in virtually any op amp configuration. To achieve optimum performance, however, applications using these special double-input-stage op amps may benefit from consideration of their special behavior.

In many applications, operation remains within the com-mon-mode range of only one differential input pair. However some applications exercise the amplifier through the transition region of both differential input stages. Although the two input stages are laser trimmed for excellent matching, a small discontinuity may occur in this transition. Careful selection of the circuit configuration, signal levels and biasing can often avoid this transi-

With a unity-gain buffer, for example, signals will traverse this transition at approximately 1.3 V below $\mathrm{V}+$ supply and may exhibit a small discontinuity at this point.
The common-mode voltage of the non-inverting amplifier is equal to the input voltage. If the input signal always remains less than the transition voltage, no discontinuity will be created. The closed-loop gain of this configuration can still produce a rail-to-rail output.
Inverting amplifiers have a constant common-mode voltage equal to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}$. If this bias voltage is constant, no discontinuity will be created. The bias voltage can generally be chosen to avoid the transition region.
tion region.


FIGURE 3. Design Optimization with Rail-to-Rail Input Op Amps.

## COMMON-MODE REJECTION

The CMRR for the OPA344 and OPA345 is specified in several ways so the best match for a given application may be used. First, the CMRR of the device in the common-mode range below the transition region $\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}}<(\mathrm{V}+)-1.8 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ is given. This specification is the best indicator of the capability of the device when the application requires use of one of the differential input pairs. Second, the CMRR at $V_{S}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ over the entire common-mode range is specified. Third, the CMRR at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ over the entire common-mode range is provided. These last two values include the variations seen through the transition region.

## INPUT VOLTAGE BEYOND THE RAILS

If the input voltage can go more than 0.3 V below the negative power supply rail (single-supply ground), special precautions are required. If the input voltage goes sufficiently negative, the op amp output may lock up in an inoperative state. A Schottky diode clamp circuit will prevent this—see Figure 4. The series resistor prevents excessive current (greater than 10 mA ) in the Schottky diode and in the internal ESD protection diode, if the input voltage can exceed the positive supply voltage. If the signal source is limited to less than 10 mA , the input resistor is not required.

## RAIL-TO-RAIL OUTPUT

A class AB output stage with common-source transistors is used to achieve rail-to-rail output. This output stage is capable of driving $600 \Omega$ loads connected to any potential
between $\mathrm{V}+$ and ground. For light resistive loads (>50k $\Omega$ ), the output voltage can typically swing to within 1 mV from supply rail. With moderate resistive loads $(2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega)$, the output can swing to within a few tens of milli-volts from the supply rails while maintaining high open-loop gain. See the typical performance curve "Output Voltage Swing vs Output Current."


FIGURE 4. Input Current Protection for Voltages Exceeding the Supply Voltage.

## CAPACITIVE LOAD AND STABILITY

The OPA344 in a unity-gain configuration and the OPA345 in gains greater than 5 can directly drive up to 250 pF pure capacitive load. Increasing the gain enhances the amplifier's ability to drive greater capacitive loads. See the typical
performance curve "Small-Signal Overshoot vs Capacitive Load." In unity-gain configurations, capacitive load drive can be improved by inserting a small ( $10 \Omega$ to $20 \Omega$ ) resistor, $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{S}}$, in series with the output, as shown in Figure 5. This significantly reduces ringing while maintaining dc performance for purely capacitive loads. However, if there is a resistive load in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider is created, introducing a dc error at the output and slightly reducing the output swing. The error introduced is proportional to the ratio $R_{S} / R_{L}$, and is generally negligible.


## DRIVING A/D CONVERTERS

The OPA344 and OPA345 series op amps are optimized for driving medium-speed sampling A/D converters. The OPA344 and OPA345 op amps buffer the A/D's input capacitance and resulting charge injection while providing signal gain.
Figures 6 shows the OPA344 in a basic noninverting configuration driving the ADS7822. The ADS7822 is a 12-bit, micro-power sampling converter in the MSOP-8 package. When used with the low-power, miniature packages of the OPA344, the combination is ideal for space-limited, lowpower applications. In this configuration, an RC network at the A/D's input can be used to filter charge injection.
Figure 7 shows the OPA2344 driving an ADS7822 in a speech bandpass filtered data acquisition system. This small, low-cost solution provides the necessary amplification and signal conditioning to interface directly with an electret microphone. This circuit will operate with $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{S}}=+2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to +5 V with less than $500 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ quiescent current.

FIGURE 5. Series Resistor in Unity-Gain Configuration Improves Capacitive Load Drive.


FIGURE 6. OPA344 in Noninverting Configuration Driving ADS7822.


FIGURE 7. Speech Bandpass Filtered Data Acquisition System.

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status ${ }^{(1)}$ | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | $\text { Eco Plan }{ }^{(2)}$ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2344EA/250 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344EA/250G4 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344EA/2K5 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344EA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344PA | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/A for Pkg Type |
| OPA2344PAG4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type |
| OPA2344UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344UA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2344UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345EA/250 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345EA/250G4 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}) \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345EA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGK | 8 |  | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| OPA2345UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}) \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345UA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA2345UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344NA/250 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344NA/250G4 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344NA/3K | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344NA/3KG4 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344PA | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type |
| OPA344PAG4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | P | 8 | 50 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type |
| OPA344UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |


| Orderable Device | Status ${ }^{(1)}$ | Package Type | Package Drawing |  | Package Qty | Eco Plan ${ }^{(2)}$ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA344UA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA344UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA345NA/250 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA345NA/250G4 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA345NA/3KG4 | ACTIVE | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 |  | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| OPA345UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA345UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 8 | 100 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4344EA/250 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| OPA4344EA/250G4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| OPA4344EA/2K5 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| OPA4344EA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| OPA4344PA | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type |
| OPA4344PAG4 | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 14 | 25 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type |
| OPA4344UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 58 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4344UA/2K5 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4344UA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4344UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 58 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Call TI | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4345EA/250 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4345EA/250G4 | ACTIVE | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4345UA | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 58 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no } \mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br} \text { ) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |
| OPA4345UA/2K5G4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 |  | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| OPA4345UAG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 14 | 58 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Green (RoHS \& } \\ \text { no Sb/Br) } \end{gathered}$ | CU NIPDAU | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but Tl does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

[^0]TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb -Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb -Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb - Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS \& no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants ( Br or Sb do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous material)
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel <br> Diameter <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Reel <br> Width <br> W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | W <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2344EA/250 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2344EA/2K5 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2345EA/250 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA2345UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA344NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.39 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA344NA/3K | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.39 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA345NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 180.0 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 1.39 | 4.0 | 8.0 | Q3 |
| OPA4344EA/250 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA4344EA/2K5 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2500 | 330.0 | 12.4 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |
| OPA4344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| OPA4345EA/250 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | 180.0 | 12.4 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 1.6 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |

INSTRUMENTS
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*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OPA2344EA/250 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 184.0 | 184.0 | 50.0 |
| OPA2344EA/2K5 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| OPA2344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| OPA2345EA/250 | MSOP | DGK | 8 | 250 | 184.0 | 184.0 | 50.0 |
| OPA2345UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| OPA344NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| OPA344NA/3K | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 3000 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| OPA344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 8 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| OPA345NA/250 | SOT-23 | DBV | 5 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |
| OPA4344EA/250 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | 184.0 | 184.0 | 50.0 |
| OPA4344EA/2K5 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 29.0 |
| OPA4344UA/2K5 | SOIC | D | 14 | 2500 | 346.0 | 346.0 | 33.0 |
| OPA4345EA/250 | TSSOP | PW | 14 | 250 | 190.5 | 212.7 | 31.8 |

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